7-2 Practice

Solving Exponential Equations and Inequalities

Solve each equation.

$$1. 4^{x+35} = 64^{x-3}$$

$$2. \left(\frac{1}{64}\right)^{0.5x-3} = 8^{9x-2}$$

$$3. 3^{x-4} = 9^{x+28}$$

$$4. \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{2x+2} = 64^{x-1}$$

$$5. \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x-3} = 16^{3x+1}$$

6.
$$3^{6x-2} = \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{x+1}$$

Write an exponential function for the graph that passes through the given points.

9.
$$\left(0, \frac{3}{4}\right)$$
 and $(2, 36.75)$

11. (0, 15) and
$$\left(2, \frac{15}{16}\right)$$

12. (0, 0.7) and
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3.5\right)$$

Solve each inequality.

13.
$$400 > \left(\frac{1}{20}\right)^{7x + 8}$$

14.
$$10^{2x+7} \ge 1000^x$$

15.
$$\left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^{3x-4} \le 64^{x-1}$$

16.
$$\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{x-6} < 4^{4x+5}$$

17.
$$\left(\frac{1}{36}\right)^{x+8} \le 216^{x-3}$$

18.
$$128^{x+3} < \left(\frac{1}{1024}\right)^{2x}$$

19. At time t, there are 216^{t+18} bacteria of type A and 36^{2t+8} bacteria of type B organisms in a sample. When will the number of each type of bacteria be equal?